17

- an actuator device that is coupled to the display and configured to move the display in synchrony with a duty cycle of the display and based on the translation vector such that the display is moved:
 - in a first direction such that movement of the display opposes the movement of the electronic device while activated pixels of the display are illuminated; and in a second direction, opposite the first direction, while the activated pixels are not illuminated.
- 13. The electronic device of claim 12, wherein the display is coupled to a housing of the electronic device via a damped surface.
- 14. The electronic device of claim 12, wherein the display is a stereoscopic image display comprising a left display for presenting a left-eye viewpoint and a right display for presenting a right-eye viewpoint, and wherein the actuator device comprises a first actuator and a second actuator that independently move the left display and the right display, respectively, based on the translation vector.
- 15. The electronic device of claim 12, wherein the processor is further configured to synchronize the duty cycle of the display with the movement of the display to increase a likelihood that the display emits light when the display is linearly accelerating.
- **16**. The electronic device of claim **13**, wherein the electronic device is a head mounted device.
 - 17. An electronic device comprising:
 - a sensor configured to detect movement of the electronic device:
 - a processor configured to determine a translation vector based on the movement of the electronic device, the translation vector defining a displacement of the elec-

18

tronic device in a ground reference frame between a first time and a second time subsequent to the first time; and

- an actuator device that is coupled to the display and configured to move the display in synchrony with a duty cycle of the display and based on the translation vector such that the display is moved:
 - in a first direction such that movement of the display opposes the movement of the electronic device while activated pixels of the display are illuminated; and
- in a second direction, opposite the first direction, while the activated pixels are not illuminated.
- 18. The electronic device of claim 17, wherein a time period defined by the first time and the second time corresponds to a frame rate of content for presentation on the display.
- 19. The electronic device of claim 17, wherein the actuator is a linear actuator configured to impart a unidirectional motive force along one axis, wherein the motive force is an oscillatory motive force having an amplitude element corresponding to a velocity associated with the movement of the electronic device and an orientation element that relates to a direction associated with the movement of the electronic device.
- 20. The electronic device of claim 17, wherein the actuator is a two-dimensional stage actuator configured to impart a bidirectional motive force along two orthogonal axes, wherein the motive force is an oscillatory motive force having an amplitude element corresponding to a velocity associated with the movement of the electronic device and an orientation element that relates to a direction associated with the movement of the electronic device.

* * * * *